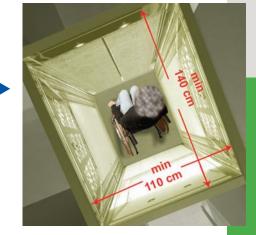
## MOVING EASILY IN VERTICALLY LINKED AREAS IN THE BUILDING

Being able to move about with ease and comfort encourages movement and stimulates a desire to go out more, feeling more autonomous and content



- assure enough space for a wheelchair to enter the lift (lift cabin dimensions at least 110 x 140 cm however, it is better to have a lift than no lift at all)\*
  - \* in any case national regulations which require more space must be respected



- **p** make the buttons in the lift easy and comfortable to use
- **q** among the many button panels on the market favour horizontal ones to vertical ones for easier use for people in wheelchairs









## MOVING EASILY IN VERTICALLY LINKED AREAS IN THE BUILDING

Being able to move about with ease and comfort favours movement and stimulates a desire to go out more, feeling more autonomous and satisfied



s ensure the numbers and letters on the button panel are readable both for people with limited sight and for blind people (letters in relief and in visual contrast)



design for the easy entering and exiting of the lift (automatic opening and closing)



 provide a vocal signal (besides visual) for each floor reached

#### WASHING, DRYING AND IRONING CLOTHES

Some domestic activities if carried out in communal areas save space in the home and create an occasion for socializing



a install a communal laundry in the building complete with washing machines, dryers and/or an adequate space for hanging washed clothes



**b** position the communal laundry in a convenient place that can be reached from all the homes



create short and simple routes between the communal laundry and the homes



**d** provide trolleys for the easy transport of clothes



e provide the building with an ironing area (best if close to the area for washing and drying).



#### **DEPOSITING OBJECTS**

Conserving materials and objects from the past is an inherent necessity for people who, helping to keep memories and attachments alive.



 a provide for the temporary depositing of objects and tools (e.g. basement, attic)



**b** provide for the depositing of furniture not currently used to furnish the home



c provide for the depositing of unseasonable clothing;

Conserving materials and objects from the past is an inherent necessity for people who, helping to keep memories and attachments alive.



**d** provide for the depositing of bulk food and drinks





**e** provide for the parking of electric mobility scooters/wheelchairs





f provide a recharging system for the batteries of electric scooters.





#### **RECEIVING POST**

Receiving letters, newspapers and publications represents a demonstration of one's own individual identity in addition to being an occasion for socializing



make postal delivery easy for the postman, in a clear a simply identifiable place



**b** assure postal collection to take pace in a comfortable area protected from the elements



c provide letter boxes which are sufficiently large enough to take piles of A4 (21x29,7 cm) size paper

#### **RECEIVING POST**

Receiving letters, newspapers and publications represents a demonstration of one's own individual identity in addition to being an occasion for socializing



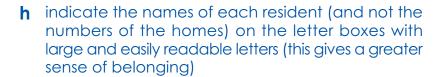
- d place letter boxes (collection side) at a height of over 80 cm and under 120 cm from the floor
- e provide adequate natural lighting in the proposed area for the postal collection



assure the personalization of the person's letter box



situate letter boxes in place which allow for convivial exchanges















## GUARANTEEING REFUSE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL IN THE COMMUNAL AREAS OF THE BUILDING

Cleaning communal areas is an individual/family service which helps to better the quality of residential life



provide a centralized system for the dust extraction if possible



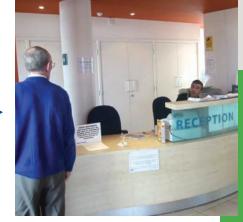
**b** use materials which are easily cleanable

c provide a system for protecting the walls while cleaning is being carried out (skirting board)

#### The caretaker can greatly improve the quality of life in the building



**q** provide a space which allows for the presence of a caretaker



**b** provide for the signalling of emergencies to one suitably defined place



**c** provide for oral communication of possible requests to one entrusted person in an easily accessible place



**d** provide for communication from only one place to all the homes in the building





#### RECEIVING PEOPLE/SOCIALIZING

The possibility of meeting people in the shared areas of the building allows wider, safer socialisation and safeguards the privacy of one's own home



 encourage interpersonal communication between the people who live in the building



**b** provide for the carrying out of socialising in predefined areas inside the building (common rooms/ shared spaces)



c provide areas on each floor for socializing activity

The possibility of meeting people in the shared areas of the building allows wider, safer socialisation and safeguards the privacy of one's own home



**d** provide for the carrying out of minor activities such as preparing meals, breakfast, lunch, snacks, in shared especially designated spaces



**e** provide for the consumption of food and drink in specially designated spaces







#### DOING RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY

Bing able to carry out recreational activity with other residents is a useful necessity for keeping a good individual psychophysical level and an elevated sense of self esteem



- a provide for the carrying out of recreational activity such as card playing, chess, reading books/newspapers/magazines, watching T.V., listening to music, etc... in a specially designated space on the round floor (minimum surface of 25 mg)
  - **b** where there is more than one residential building, the services can be provided centrally to avoid wasteful duplication



- c provide for the carrying out of recreational activity such as watching films, dancing, using the computer, internet, etc... in a specially designated space on the ground floor
  - d where these services are not present, a space may be found in another nearby building (maximum distance 100 meters, preferably with a covered connecting walkway)



- provide for the carrying out of recreational activity of a games/sports type in predisposed areas on the ground floor (small gyms or swimming pools)
  - f provide space for the carrying out of religious activities. (either dedicated or multi-use.)

Being able to offer the possibility of carrying out small jobs and hobbies in an equipped communal area increases the sense of belonging to a small community



provide for the carrying out of small jobs without the need for specific equipment on the ground floor of the building (painting, sewing, mending garments, etc...)



**b** provide for the carrying out of small jobs that do need some use of equipment on the ground floor of the building (carpentry, light cooking, repairing domestic materials, etc.)



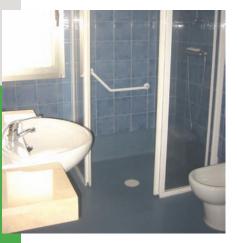
c provide an area for the cultivation of plants and flowers





#### TAKING CARE OF ONE'S BODY

Taking care of one's body in an equipped communal area allows more occasions for socializing



- a provide for the care and cleaning of one's body in a specific place, situated on the ground floor and near to communal areas for socialization
  - **b** make the doors for the area for the care and cleaning of the body easy to open, only requiring a light pressure
  - c make the doors for the area for the care and cleaning of the body easy to open also for people with limited dexterity (see requirement 2h, Section A)



- d provide for easy access to areas for care and cleaning also for wheelchair users and people with impaired mobility
- e create a separation zone between an area for care and cleaning of the body and shared areas for socialisation
- f create an area for the care and cleaning of the body large enough to permit the complete rotation of a wheelchair (minimum radius 150cm)



- g create an area for personal care and cleaning with assistance
  - h Install safety bars on both sides of the toilet to provide support when standing (see requirement 51, 5J, Section A)

# common areas of the building

#### TAKING CARE OF ONE'S BODY

### Taking care of one's body in an equipped communal area allows more occasions for socializing

16

- i install toilets which can be lowered or raised (see requirement 5i, Section A)
- j install a small swimming pool nearby for therapy and rehabilitation
- **k** for countries with cold climates, provide space for a small sauna
- I install a mirror at such a height as to allow a seated person to see themselves in it (see requirement 5r, Section A)
- m provide a washbasin that is easily accessible (adjustable height, no pedestal. see requirements 5r and 5s. Section A
- **n** provide small areas on the ground floor for rehabilitation and physical therapy
- make sure the washbasin has 'large cross' or 'handle' type taps which can be used by everyone (see requirement 5t, Section A);
- **p** choose good lighting for the area for the care and cleaning of the body to facilitate the operation
- **q** create small spaces for cutting and looking after hair and fingernails







#### TAKING CARE OF ONE'S BODY

Taking care of one's body in an equipped communal area allows more occasions for socializing



- s install a toilet in the area for care and cleaning of the body which is easily reachable
- t use anti-slip flooring
- make sure that the distance between the bowl and the safety bar is enough to permit standing and sitting (advised distance 40 cm)\*
   \* in any case national regulations which require more space must be respected
- ensure a visual contrast between sanitary fittings and the floor and walls
  - w install a toilet in the area for care and cleaning of the body which is easily reachable also by lateral transfer (see requirement 5g, Section A)
  - **x** put doors on the area for the care and cleaning of the body which open outwardly
- y create small spaces for speech therapy
  - z see that the flushing system is operable by the use of the whole hand, requiring little force (see requirement 5k, Section A)







#### **GUARANTEEING SURROUNDING COMFORT**

Comfortable surroundings extended to the whole building encourage the use of communal spaces and socialisation.



a provide good natural ventilation in the shared areas of the building



**b** make sure that there is good natural and artificial lighting in the shared spaces of the building



c install tip-up chairs in the lifts





**d** for countries with a hot climate install a summer air freshening system in the shared spaces of the building

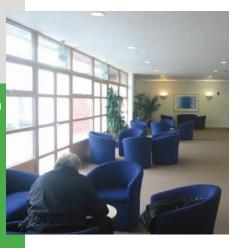






#### **GUARANTEEING SURROUNDING COMFORT**

Comfortable surroundings extended to the whole building encourage the use of communal spaces and socialisation.



- for countries with a cold climate install a protective system in shared open spaces in the direction of cold winds
  - f avoid construction materials with an elevated emission of VOC, formaldehyde or made of other chemicals dangerous to the health
  - g favour construction materials which present a good LCA (Life Cycle Impact Assessment)
  - h use construction materials which reduce or eliminate external noises
  - installations must not produce annoying sounds
  - i ringing sounds must not be excessively noisy
  - **k** use sound proof waste ducts and pipes to limit annoying sounds in shared areas

# eneral services

## GUARANTEE THE AESTHETIC QUALITY OF SHARED SPACES

18

the aesthetic quality of shared spaces stimulates a sense of belonging for residents

**a** make sure that shared spaces contain furnishings which reflect local traditions



**b** use colours for the walls and floors in shared spaces which reflect local traditions



c avoid creating a hospital environment in shared spaces





## GUARANTEE THE AESTHETIC QUALITY OF SHARED SPACES

the aesthetic quality of shared spaces stimulates a sense of belonging for residents



d make sure that shared spaces have views of outside spaces



**e** introduce areas for vegetation in the shared spaces



f introduce water, preferably in movement, in the shared spaces

## GROUNDS OUTSIDE THE BUILDING





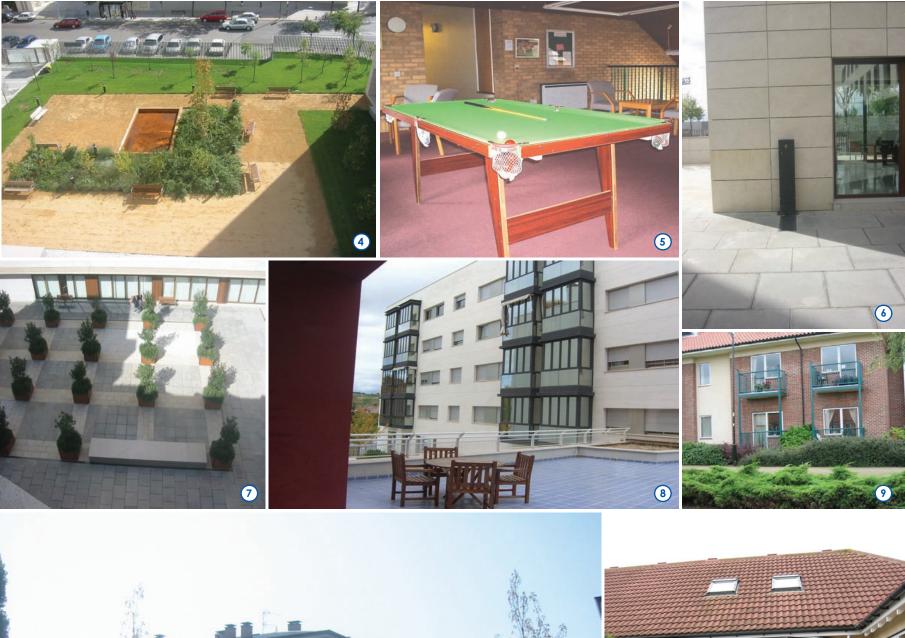


#### SECTION C – GROUNDS OUTSIDE THE BUILDING

The surrounding spaces outside the building are those areas outside but still belonging to the building. The inside of the building has functions closely linked to the residence of the person in the home. The surrounding spaces form a link between the building and the wider environment, provide the location for the preliminary activity to the residence (parking, refuse collection, etc.) and are a private area for open air socialising activities (walking, sitting, meeting people, gardening etc.).

The surrounding spaces outside the building allow elderly people to relate to the outside world within the protection of a safe and tranquil environment. This cushion between domestic intimacy and the wider environment allows more fragile or vulnerable people to increase their own capacity to relate to others and to better their own sense of self esteem, helping them to keep a good level of independence.

The need is for quiet, flexible but still lively spaces that residents can utilise to enjoy themselves in many different ways and where they can feel free but protected.









#### **DESCRIPTIVE TITLES OF IMAGES:**

Section Cover: Domus Moratalaz Residence, Madrid (Spain)

- 1) Domus Mirasierra Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- (2) Hartrigg Oaks, York (Great Britain)
- (3) Hartrigg Oaks, York (Great Britain)
- 4 Domus Moratalaz Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- (5) Elwyn Jones Court, Patcham Brighton (Great Britain)
- (6) Domus Moratalaz Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- 7) Domus Moratalaz Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- 8 Domus Mirasierra Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- (9) Hartrigg Oaks, York (Great Britain)
- (10) Via Scandellara Residence, Bologna (Italy)
- 11 Hartrigg Oaks, York (Great Britain)
- (12) Domus Moratalaz, Madrid (Spain)
- 3 Sonali Gardens, London (Great Britain)
- Hartrigg Oaks, York (Great Britain)
- (15) St. Eugene Gardens, Birmingham (Great Britain)
- Seniorenwohnpark, Baden Baden (Germany)
- (17) Domus Mirasierra Residence, Madrid (Spain)
- (18) Domus Moratalaz Residence, Madrid (Spain)

# Grounds outside the building

## ENTERING THE GROUNDS ON FOOT, BY WHEELCHAIR / ELECTRIC SCOOTER OR BY CAR

Making accesses easy and functional stimulates going out more, and feeling more autonomous in movement increases personal self esteem



a install a gate at the pedestrian entrance to the grounds, operable by remote control, with acoustic signalling when opening and closing



b install a fully accessible gate at the pedestrian entrance to the grounds

-with an easy closing and opening system



-with an easy closing and opening system -with a handle on both sides, easy to use -which can be opened in both directions -with a mechanical opening system easily activated on both sides even by the palm of a hand (at a height of betwee 90 and 120 cm and clearly visible)



c install a video entry phone, located next to the gate and connected to the doorbells of the homes



d install an automatic gate at the driveway entrance to the grounds, easily usable and in a suitable position for reaching the external parking area



e ensure that the gate at the driveway entrance to the grounds is operable by remote control, making sure that it is easy to handle and use and with acoustic signalling when opening and closing;



## ENTERING THE GROUNDS ON FOOT, BY WHEELCHAIR / ELECTRIC SCOOTER OR BY CAR

Making accesses easy and functional stimulates going out more, and feeling more autonomous in movement increases personal self esteem





ensure that there is a protected space for vehicles to wait for the gate to open without causing obstruction to other traffic

#### **ALLOWING CAR PARKING**

The ease and comfort of parking encourages the autonomous use of private vehicles increasing the sense of self sufficency and self esteem



ensure that there are an adequate number of parking spaces for the residents and for their guests in the grounds, at least one space per 5 homes. All parking should be easily accessible. (where is not possible to have parking spaces in the immediate surroundings of the building one can consider a distance equal to or less than 100m)



**b** designate an adequate number of parking spaces in the grounds for people with disabilities



c position the parking spaces for people with disabilities in an area immediately surrounding the building or within easy reaching distance; Parking for disabled people should always be closest to the building in any parking layout.



**d** make individual or private parking spaces easy to see also with vertical sign posts for visibility in snow





**g** provide adequate lighting to the parking area and the connecting route with the building.



#### MOTORCYCLE AND BICYCLE PARKING

The possibility of using motorcycles and bicycles easily increases the sense of one's physical ability



a ensure that there is a space for parking motorcycles and bicycles inside the grounds and/or in the surrounding area



**b** position the parking spaces for motorcycles and bicycles in an area immediately surrounding the building or within easy reaching distance of the front entrance



- c make sure that people can get back to their motorcycles and bicycles sheltered from the elements
- d provide adequate lighting to the parking area and the connecting route with the building

# Grounds outside the building

## EASILY REACHING THE MAIN DOOR OF THE BUILDING





provide adequate lighting to shared open spaces such as the entrance to the grounds, the entrance to the building itself and the main travel routes



**b** provide weather protection for the connecting route from the entrance to the grounds the main building



c make all pathways accessible













## EASY REACHING OF THE MAIN DOOR OF THE BUILDING

Making access to the building comfortable, simple and safe encourages people to go out more







avoid using too many colours or materials (particularly in strongly contrasting bands) as they can cause disorientation.